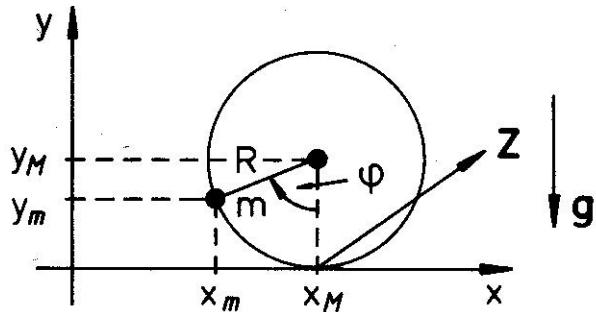


**Physics Preliminary Exam Fall 2010**  
**Paper 1 – Classical Mechanics**  
**Sept 14th 2010**  
**6-8pm**

**Attempt 2 out of the 3 problems**

**Question 1**

A homogeneous circular disk (radius  $R$ , mass  $M$ ) has an additional point-like mass  $m=M/2$  located at its rim. The disk rolls without friction, and without gliding on a horizontal line while experiencing gravitation.



1. Calculate the coordinates  $x_M$ ,  $y_M$  of the center of the disk as function of the angle  $\varphi$ . Reference in a way that  $\varphi=0$  when  $x_M=0$ . (1pt)
2. Calculate the coordinates of the point-like mass  $x_m$ ,  $y_m$ , as well as the coordinates,  $x_{CM}$  and  $y_{CM}$ , of the center of mass of the combined system of disk and point-like mass as a function of  $\varphi$ . (3pts)
3. Calculate the kinetic energy,  $T(\varphi, d\varphi/dt)$ , and the potential energy  $V(\varphi)$ . (4pts)
4. Construct the Lagrange function  $L(\varphi, d\varphi/dt)$  and the corresponding equation of motion for  $\varphi$ . (4pts)
5. Calculate the constraining force on the disk caused by the horizontal line. (4pts)
6. Because of the additional point-like mass, a large enough initial velocity  $v=dx_M/dt$  can cause the disk to “lift off” the horizontal line. How large does  $v$  have to be for that to happen when  $\varphi=2\pi/3$ ? (4pts)

## Question 2

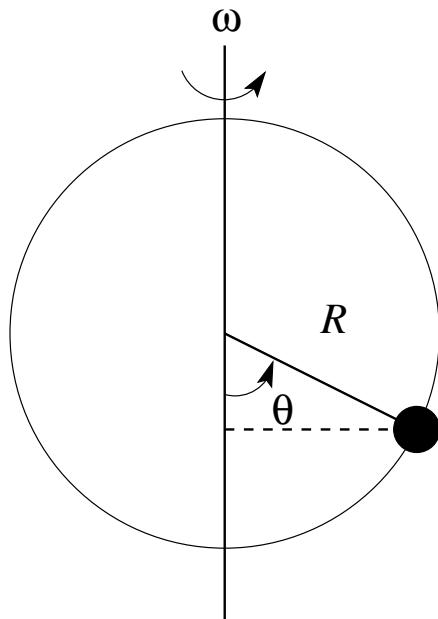
A clever way of visualizing motion is through the concept of *phase space*. For example, one can visualize the motion of a simple harmonic oscillator by representing position on the x-axis and acceleration on the y-axis.

- 1) What does the phase space diagram for a simple harmonic oscillator without damping look like? (make a 2D sketch, without scaling)
- 2) What does the phase space diagram for a very weakly damped harmonic oscillator look like? (make a 2D sketch, without scaling)
- 3) Write the solution to a simple harmonic oscillator (undamped).
- 4) What equation describes the undamped oscillating object's trajectory in phase space?
- 5) Consider a particle of mass  $m$  subject to a force of strength  $+kx$ , where  $x$  is the displacement of the particle from equilibrium. Calculate the phase space trajectories of the particle.

(20pts)

Question 3 (Classical Mechanics; 20 points)

A circular wire hoop of radius  $R$  rotates about a vertical axis passing through its diameter. The hoop rotates with a fixed angular velocity  $\omega$ . A bead of mass  $m$  is threaded on the wire hoop and moves along the hoop without friction. Denote the position of the bead on the hoop by the angle  $\theta$ , measured with respect to the bottom of the hoop. Denote the acceleration due to gravity by  $g$ .



- (i) Write down the Lagrangian  $L(\theta, \dot{\theta})$  for this system in terms of the generalized coordinate  $\theta$ .
- (ii) Find *all* equilibrium positions  $\theta_0$ , i.e. those values of  $\theta$  for which the bead's position relative to the hoop does not change (assuming  $\dot{\theta} = 0$  initially). You should find that there is a critical rotation speed  $\omega_c$ , above which there are more equilibria than below. What is  $\omega_c$ , expressed in terms of  $R$ ,  $m$ , and  $g$ ?